

Work Order	574.1	
Measurement	urement 20090120-R07-01-51_Rev3	



Test Report

QualiScreen

Screening of Antimicrobial Efficacy of

Material Surfaces

Test Object:

TitanShield-Beschichtung TS S40-06 Textil-Probe



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Report on Findings

Client: Address:	EcoWays Umwelt Innovationen GmbH WelldorferStr.12 52428 Jülich	
Work order name:	574.1	
Test object:	TitanShield-Beschichtung TS S40-06 Textil-Probe	
Sample description:	textile	
Date of receipt of sample:	Jan-19-2009	
Type of test:	QualiScreen: Assay for determining the antimicrobial efficacy of material surfaces against <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> DSM 18857	
Test laboratory:	QualityLabs BT GmbH	
Address:	Neumeyerstraße 46a 90411 Nuremberg, Germany	
Measurement:	20090120-R07-01-51	
Sample material:	cotton tissue	
Number of pages in report	: 5	
Report on findings Place at to the client: Recipi	and date of preparation: Nuremberg, Jan-23-2009 ent: EcoWays EnmbH	
Laboratory Director:	Harald Gerauer, Laboratory Director QualityLabs BT GmbH	
Released:	Reiner Hommel, PhD, Managing Director	

QualityLabs BT GmbH



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Declaration on Quality Assurance

This investigation was performed and supervised in the style of the standard operating procedure "Assay on the Determination of Antimicrobial Efficacy of Material Surfaces against *Staphylococcus epidermidis*" (SOP 3.2 of 2008-08-05) by QualityLabs BT GmbH. The laboratory and process are continually monitored by independent, external authorities, as well as by internal audits.

Compliance with Regulations

The test was performed according to the regulations of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 for testing and calibration laboratories. The quality and integrity of the investigation were not jeopardised at any time.

Laboratory Director:	
•	Harald Gerauer, Laboratory Director
	QualityLabs BT GmbH

Test Description

The test objects are incubated with cells of the test strain. Loose cells are removed through defined wash steps. The material being tested is incubated a defined length of time to determine its effect on the proliferation (growth) of bacteria on the object's surface. For non-antimicrobial surfaces, the adhering bacteria continue to divide on the surface of the material and release daughter cells into the surrounding liquid.

Antimicrobial materials affect bacterial growth to different degrees and can even completely prevent cell division.

Because of the number of these released cells is very low after the incubation period, a measurable signal that can be detected by an instrument must be generated through the use of appropriate microbiological methods.

Antimicrobial efficacy is always measured in comparison to a non-antimicrobial blank sample. Clients provide the blank sample, which is identical to the test object in all aspects except that it is free of antimicrobial additives. Internal controls that are present on all microtitre plate assays serve as permanent monitors of the measuring process.

The measurement cannot be evaluated if the blank sample has a higher antimicrobial effect than the test object with antimicrobial agent.

For the QualiScreen test, a material is regarded antimicrobial only if it inhibits the formation of at least 99.9% of the daughter cells during the observation period in comparison to the blank sample.

For QualiScreen, all 4 test objects must test as antimicrobial to obtain the designation 'antimicrobial'. Measurements that are performed with different strains or species cannot be directly compared with one another.



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Test Results

Sample Name	Sample Code	Test Result
unbeschichtete Textil-Probe	7501901090005	blank sample
beschichtete Textil-Probe	7501901090006	antimicrobial

Test strain	Staphylococcus epidermidis DSM 18857		
Initial cell count / ml	5 x 10 ⁶		
Initials of the editor	TN		
Measurement ended on	Jan-23-2009		



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References to deviations, preincubations, special test conditions

All samples were irradiated for 1 hour with an UV-lamp at approx. 1000 Lux before running the test.

Comments on test objects		
NONE		
Interpretation of the results based on the measur	rements	
NONE		
Editor: Mr Nagengast	Crosschecked:	Mr. Konradt

References

Bechert et al. (2000)

" A new method for screening anti-infective biomaterials"

Nature Medicine 6(9): 1053-1056

Alt et al. (2004)

"An in vitro assessment of the antibacterial properties and cytotoxicity of nanoparticulate silver bone cement."

Biomaterials, 25(18):4383-91

Alt et al. (2004)

"In vitro testing of antimicrobial activity of bone cement."

Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 48(11):4084-8